

Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Chemistry 114, Spring 2004  
Exam 3, April 14, 2004

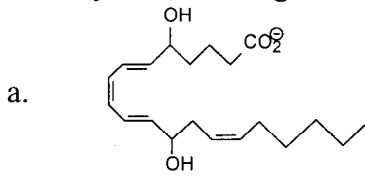
General Instructions: Read each question carefully and answer each question in the expected format, using proper English grammar, punctuation and spelling.

Part A. Definitions (2 points each)

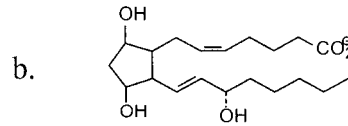
1. Chiral carbon- carbon w/ four different groups attached
2. epimers are two sugars which differ in the configuration around one carbon, other than the anomeric carbon.
3. Reducing sugar- sugar containing a hemiacetal
4. Keto tetrose is a four carbon sugar which contains a ketone group.
5. Oligosaccharide- carbohydrate containing ~2-9 saccharide residues
6. sphingomyelin is an important lipid of cell membranes based on the alcohol sphingosine.
7. Integral protein- protein which passes through cell membrane
8. unsaturated is a fatty acid containing one or more double bonds.
9. Essential fatty acid- fatty acid the body can't make; must get from diet
10. lipid is a water-insoluble molecule that can be extracted using a nonpolar solvent such as chloroform.

Part B. Structures

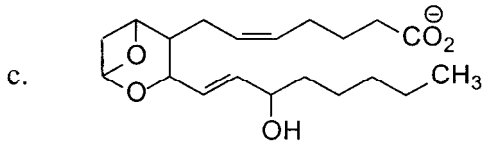
11. Identify the following molecules. (2 points each)



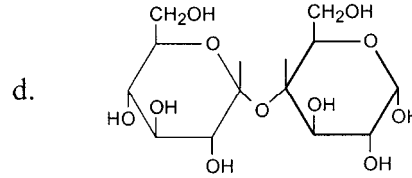
a leukotriene



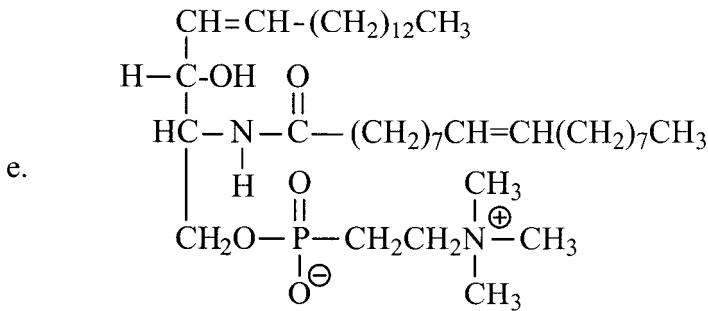
a prostaglandin



a thromboxane

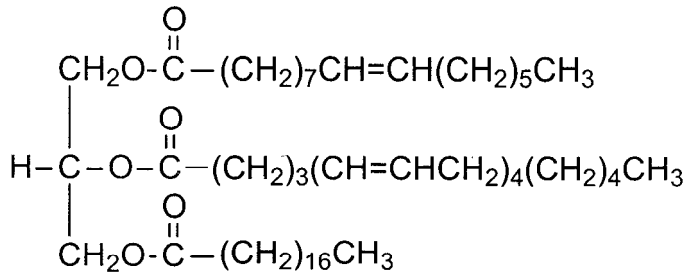


maltose

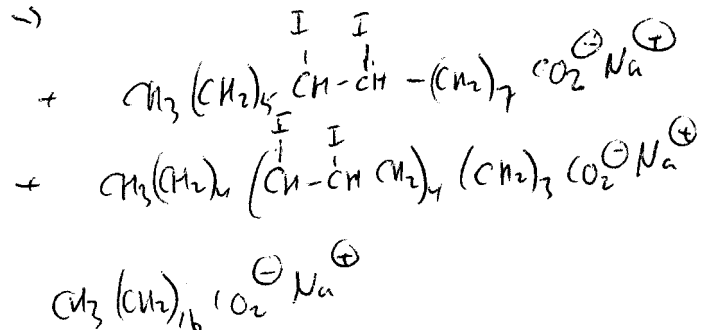


~~phosphatidyl~~ Sphingomyelin

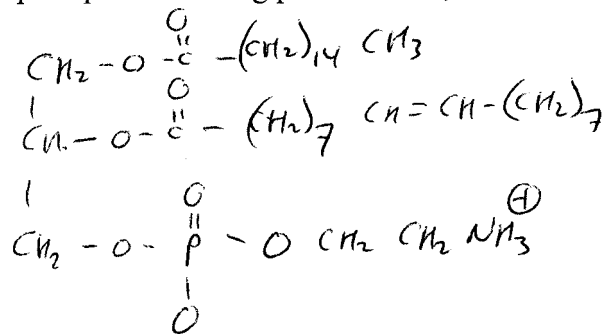
12. Indicate the products of the following molecule if it is treated with iodine and then saponified with sodium hydroxide. (TAG) (5 points)



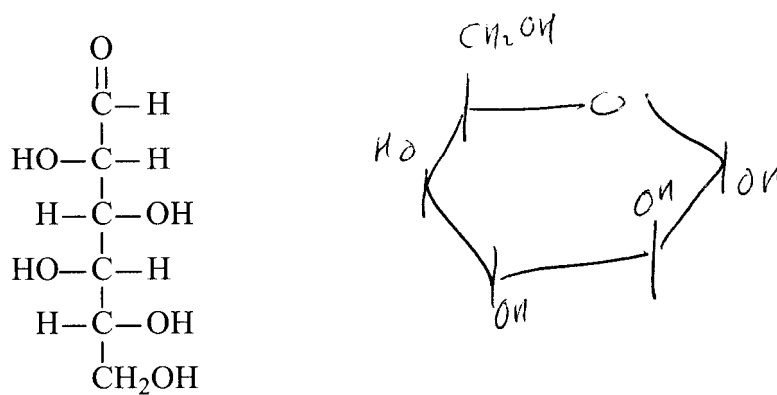
$\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$   
 $\text{CHO}$   
 $\text{CHO}$



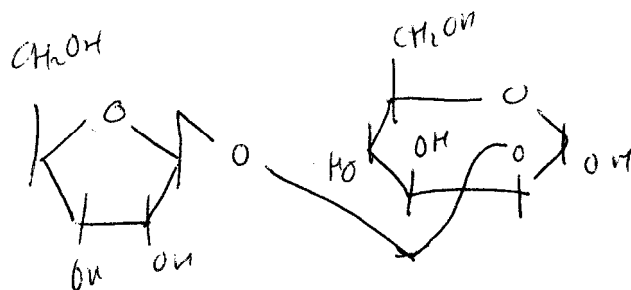
13. Draw a phospholipid containing palmitic acid, oleic acid and ethanolamine. (5 points)



14. Convert the following Fischer projection into a Haworth projection. (5 points)

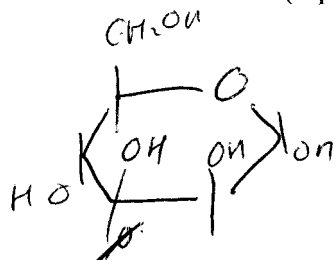


15. Draw the structure of ribose(β1→2)mannose. (5 points)

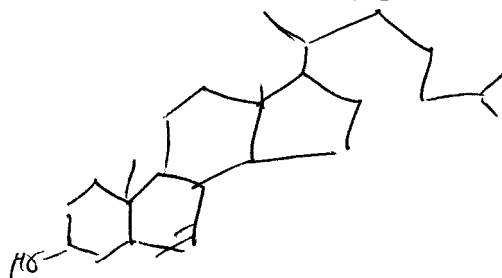


16. Draw the structure of the following molecules

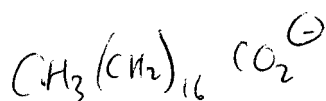
a.  $\alpha$ -D-mannose (4 points)



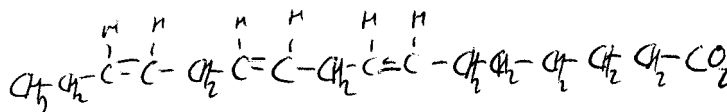
b. Cholesterol (3 points)



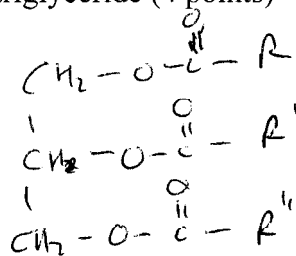
c. Stearic acid (2 points)



d.  $16:3\Delta^{7,10,13}$  (2 points)

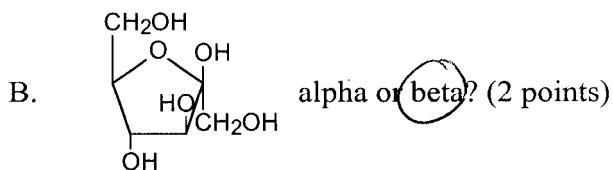
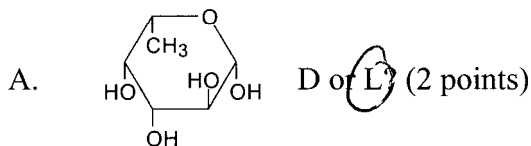


e. A triglyceride (4 points)



(any R, R' or R'' OK)

17. Indicate the requested information for each of the following three molecules.



C.  $\text{CO}_2^-(\text{CH}_2)_4\text{CH}=\text{CHCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$  according to the omega ( $\omega$ ) system (1 point)

10:1  $\Delta^6$

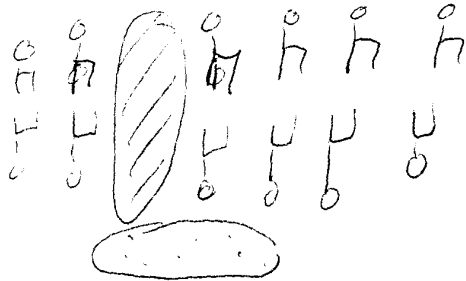
$\omega-4$

Part C. Concepts and Applications thereof

18. Explain why lettuce is pushed as something good to eat for those persons who are dieting. (5 points)

the  $\beta 1 \rightarrow 4$  linkage is not digestible, therefore  
of calories per gram

19. Diagram and describe a membrane in terms of the fluid mosaic model. (10 points)



A phospholipid bilayer (with heads and tails) contains integral membrane proteins (vertical oval) and peripheral proteins (horizontal oval), all of which are able to move around in the membrane.

20. Explain the difference(s) between a fat and an oil and describe the structural features of each. (5 points)

	Fat	Oil	(Same)
Structure	tris	tris	
state	solid @ RT	liquid @ RT	
Fatty acids	predom, sat.	predom unsat.	

21. List the fat soluble vitamins and one water soluble vitamin. (5 points)

A D E K      B<sub>12</sub>, C ...

22. Describe the importance of cholesterol to a mammalian organism. (5 points)

It is a precursor of all steroid molecules such as progesterone, estrogen, testosterone, others