Common Data Set 2013-2014 A. GENERAL INFORMATION

A1. Address Information

Fort Hays State University
Name of College or University: 600 Park Street
Mailing Address:
City: Hays
State: KS Zip: 67601 Country: USA
Street Address (if different):
City:
State: Zip: Country:
Main Phone Number: 785.628.4000
WWW Home Page Address: www.fhsu.edu
Admissions Phone Number: 785.628.3478
Admissions Toll-free Number: 888.628.3478
Admissions Office Mailing Address: 600 Park Street
City:
State: KS Zip: 67601 Country: USA
Admissions Fax Number: 800.432.0248
Admissions E-mail Address: http://www.fhsu.edu/admissions/
If there is a separate URL for your school's online application, please specify:
If you have a mailing address other than the above to which applications should be sent, please provide:
, and a second s
A2. Source of institutional control (check one only)
Public
Private (nonprofit)
Proprietary
A3. Classify your undergraduate institution:
Conducational college
Cocducational concess
Men's college
Women's college
A4. Academic year calendar

□ ₄₋₁₋₄

Semester Semester

Quarter	Continuous
Trimester	Differs by program (describe):
Other (describe):	
A5. Degrees offered by your	institution
Certificate	Postbachelor's certificate
□ Diploma	Master's
Associate	Post-master's certificate
Transfer	Doctoral degree–research/scholarship
Terminal	Doctoral degree– professional practice
Bachelor's	Doctoral degree- other
	B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE
	nd Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the or as of October 15, 2013. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in

FULL-TIME PART-TIME Men Women Men Women Undergraduates Degree-seeking, first-time 552 37 45 freshmen Other first-year, degree-182 190 93 141 seeking All other degree-seeking 1619 2345 2163 3268 Total degree-seeking 2230 3087 2293 3454

98

139

50

All other undergraduates

enrolled in credit courses

82

Total undergraduates	2312	3137	2391	3593
Graduate				
Degree-seeking, first-time	67	89	86	106
All other degree-seeking	150	236	402	661
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	1	7	60	143
Total graduate	218	332	548	910

Total all undergraduates: 11,433	
Total all graduate: 2,008	
GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS:	13,441

B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2013. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens. "Complete the "Total Undergraduate" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

	Degree-seeking First-time First year	Degree-seeking Undergraduates (include first- time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non-degree- seeking)
Nonresident aliens	7	3,462	3,543
Hispanic/Latino	112	587	597
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	71	409	410
White, non-Hispanic	812	6,138	6,388
American Indian or Alaska Native, non-Hispanic	9	47	49
Asian, non-Hispanic	8	71	84
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic	4	11	12
Two or more races, non- Hispanic	33	198	200
Race and/or ethnicity unknown	7	141	150
Total	1,063	11,064	11,433

Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2012, to June 30, 2013.

Certificate/diploma	
Associate degrees	81
Bachelor's degrees	2,798
Postbachelor's certificates	
Master's degrees	452
Post-master's certificates	13
Doctoral degrees – research/scholarship	
Doctoral degrees – professional practice	
Doctoral degrees – other	
Graduation Rates The items in this section correspond to data elements colle Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and glossary on the 2013 Web-based survey.	cted by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions
For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs	
Please provide data for the Fall 2007 cohort if available. If 2006 cohort.	Fall 2007 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall
Fall 2007. Include in the cohort those who entered your in	
students: 717	or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all
	nd did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent of the federal government, or official church missions; total
B6. Final 2007 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclus (Subtract question B5 from question B4)	ions: 714
B7. Of the initial 2007 cohort, how many completed the pr	rogram in four years or less (by August 31, 2011):
B8. Of the initial 2007 cohort, how many completed the pr	rogram in more than four years but in five years or less (after
August 31, 2011 and by August 31, 2012): 141	
B9. Of the initial 2007 cohort, how many completed the program 31, 2012 and by August 31, 2013):	rogram in more than five years but in six years or less (after August
B10. Total graduating within six years (sum of questions E	37, B8, and B9): 311
B11. Six-year graduation rate for 2007 cohort (question B	10 divided by question B6): 43.6 %

Fall 2006 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2006. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall 2006.

B4. Initial 2006 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:
B5. Of the initial 2006 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total
allowable exclusions:
B6. Final 2006 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract question B5 from question B4)
B7. Of the initial 2006 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2010):
B8. Of the initial 2006 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2010 and by August 31, 2011):
B9. Of the initial 2006 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2011 and by August 31, 2012):
B10. Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):
B11. Six-year graduation rate for 2006 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6): \%
For Two-Year Institutions
Please provide data for the 2010 cohort if available. If 2010 cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2009 cohort.
2010 Cohort
B12. Initial 2010 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:
B13. Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:
B14. Final 2010 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract question B13 from question B12)
B15. Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):
B16. Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:
B17. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):
B18. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years within 150 percent of normal time:

B19. Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:
B20. Total transfers to two-year institutions:
B21. Total transfers to four-year institutions:
2009 Cohort
B12. Initial 2009 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:
B13. Of the initial 2009 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:
B14. Final 2009 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract question B13 from question B12)
B15. Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):
B16. Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:
B17. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):
B18. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years within 150 percent of normal time:
B19. Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:
B20. Total transfers to two-year institutions:
B21. Total transfers to four-year institutions:
Retention Rates Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2012 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.
B22. For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in Fall 2012 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2013?

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications

C1. First-time, first-year (freshman) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2013. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following

Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men wh Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women		
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men wh Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women		
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshma		
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshma Total part-time first-time, first-year (freshma C2. Freshman wait-listed students (student contingent on space availability)	n) women who enrolled 45	ents but whose final admission was
contingent on space a canalizately		
Do you have a policy of placing students on a If yes, please answer the questions below fo	·	□ Yes No
If yes, please answer the questions below fo Number of qualified applicants offered a place Number accepting a place on the waiting list	r Fall 2013 admissions:	Yes No
If yes, please answer the questions below for Number of qualified applicants offered a place Number accepting a place on the waiting list Number of wait-listed students admitted Is your waiting list ranked?	r Fall 2013 admissions:	Yes No
If yes, please answer the questions below for Number of qualified applicants offered a place Number accepting a place on the waiting list Number of wait-listed students admitted Is your waiting list ranked? Yes	r Fall 2013 admissions:	Yes No
If yes, please answer the questions below for Number of qualified applicants offered a place Number accepting a place on the waiting list Number of wait-listed students admitted Is your waiting list ranked? Yes If yes, do you release that information to students.	re on waiting list No No	Yes No

actions: admission, non-admission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

Admission Requirements

C3. High school completion requirement

Check the appropriate box to ic	dentify your high school	completion requirement	for degree-seeking entering students:
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	High school diploma is required and GED is accepted High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted
	High school diploma or equivalent is not required
C4.	Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking students
	Require
~	Recommend
	Neither require nor recommend

C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units Required	Units Recommended
Total academic units		14
English		4
Mathematics		3
Science		3
Of these, units that must be lab		N/A
Foreign language		N/A
Social studies		2
History		1
Academic electives		N/A
Computer Science		1
Visual/Performing Arts		N/A
Other (specify)		N/A

Basis for Selection

C6. Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:

Open admission policy as des Open admission policy as describe					
selective admission for out-of					
selective admission to some p	orograms				
other (explain)					
C7. Relative importance of each degree-seeking (freshman) admi		nd nonacademic f	factors in your firs	st-time, first-year	
	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered	
Academic					
Rigor of secondary school record			~		
Class rank			V		
Academic GPA			•		
Standardized Test Scores			•		
Application Essay					
Recommendation					
	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered	
Nonacademic					
Interview					
Extracurricular activities					
Talent/ability					
Character/personal qualities					
First generation					
Alumni/ae relation					
Geographical residence					
State residency					

Religious affiliation/commitment					
Racial/ethnic status					
Volunteer work					
Work experience					
Level of applicant's interest					
SAT and ACT Policies					
C8. Entrance exams A. Does your institution make us degree-seeking applicants? If yes, place check marks in the a 2015.	Yes No	-			
		ADMISSION			
	Require	Recommend	Require for Some	Consider If Submitted	Not Used
SAT or ACT			•		
ACT only					
SAT only					
SAT and SAT Subject Tests or ACT					
SAT Subject Tests					
B. If your institution will make use Fall 2015, please indicate which admissions process): ACT with Writing compone ACT with Writing compone ACT with or without Writing	ONE of the follont required nt recommended	owing applies (regard			
C. Please indicate how your insti SAT essay ACT essay	tution will use the	he SAT or ACT essa	y component; chec	k all that apply:	
For admission					
For placement					
For advising					
In place of an application essay					
As a validity check on the application essa	ay				
No college policy as of now					
Not using essay component		~ ~			

Yes No	our institution use applica	nts test scores for academ	ic advising?			
E. Latest date by which	h SAT or ACT scores mus	t be received for fall-term	admission:			
Latest date by which S	AT Subject Test scores m	ust be received for fall-ter	m admission	:		
F. If necessary, use thi	s space to clarify your test	policies (e.g., if tests are	recommende	d for some str	udents, or i	f tests are not
required of some stude	ents):					
G. Please indicate which tests y	our institution uses for pla	cement (e.g., state tests)	:			
□ _{SAT} ✓ ACT						
SAT Subject Test	S					
☐ AP						
CLEP						
Institutional Exam	1					
State Exam (specify):						
Freshman Profile						
students enrolled in F	or ALL enrolled, degree-s all 2013, including student mitted under special arran	s who began studies durin				
C9. Percent and number of first (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include submitted test scores. Do not in combine other standardized test The 25th percentile is the score above.	information for ALL enro clude partial test scores (e. results (such as TOEFL)	olled, degree-seeking, first g., mathematics scores bu in this item. Do not conver	time, first-y t not critical rt SAT score	rear (freshman reading for a s to ACT sco	n) students category c res and vic	who of students) or e versa.
Percent submitting SAT scores	1.41	Number submit	ting SAT sco	ores	15	
Percent submitting ACT scores N/A	84.48	Number submit	ting ACT sco	ores	898	
	25th Percentile	75th Percentile	e			
SAT Critical Reading	N/A	N/A				
SAT Math	N/A	N/A				
SAT Writing	N/A	N/A				
SAT Essay	N/A	N/A				

ACT Composite	18	24
ACT Math	17	25
ACT English	16	24
ACT Writing	N/A	N/A

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT Critical Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing
700-800	N/A	N/A	N/A
600-699	N/A	N/A	N/A
500-599	N/A	N/A	N/A
400-499	N/A	N/A	N/A
300-399	N/A	N/A	N/A
200-299	N/A	N/A	N/A
	100%	100%	100%

	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36	4	5	2
24-29	26	23	32
10.00			
18-23	54	46	44
12.17			
12-17	16	23	23
6-11	0	3	0
			Ŭ
Below 6	0	0	0
	100%	100%	100%

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-yea following ranges (report information for those student		ndents who had high school class rank within each of the ou collected high school rank information).
Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	10	
Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	31	Top half +
Percent in top half of high school graduating class	61	bottom half = 100%
Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	39	
Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	16	
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students v	who 80	
submitted high school class rank:		
C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-t averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 collected high school GPA.		
Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher	26	
Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74	17	
Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	15	
Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	13	
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99	17	
Percent who had GPA between 2.00 and 2.49	10	
Percent who had GPA between 1.00 and 1.99	3	
Percent who had GPA below 1.00	0	
	100%	
C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-s	seeking, first-tim	ne, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA:
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) s	students who sub	mitted high school GPA: 75 %
Admission Policies		
C13. Application fee		
Does your institution have an application fee?	Yes No	
Amount of application fee:	10 T T	N.
Can it be waived for applicants with financial ne If you have an application fee and an on-line application of Same fee	eed? Yes Peoption, please inc	No licate policy for students who apply on-line:

Free

Reduced
Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants with financial need? Yes No
C14. Application closing date
Does your institution have an application closing date? Yes No
Application closing date (fall):
Priority date:
C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than the fall? \checkmark Yes \checkmark No
C16. Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)
On a rolling basis beginning (date): By (date): Other: as submitted
C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)
C1. Reply policy for duminated applicants (in the one only)
Must reply by (date):
No set date:
Must reply by May 1 or within weeks if notified thereafter
Other:
Deadline for housing deposit (MM/DD): Amount of housing deposit: \$35.00
Refundable if student does not enroll?
Yes, in full
Yes, in part No
— No
C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission?
Yes No
If yes, maximum period of postponement: 1 Year
C19. Early admission of high school students: Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-
time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation? Yes No

C20. Common application: Question removed from CDS. (Initiated during 2007-2008 cycle)

Early Decision and Early Action Plans

be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to
attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment? Yes No
If "yes," please complete the following:
First or only early decision plan closing date:
First or only early decision plan notification date:
Other early decision plan closing date:
Other early decision plan notification date: For the Fall 2013 entering class:
Number of early decision applications received by your institution:
Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan:
Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:
C22. Early action: Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?
ightharpoons Yes $ ightharpoons$ No
If "yes," please complete the following:
Early action closing date:
Early action notification date:
Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans? Yes No
D. TRANSFER ADMISSION
Fall Applicants
D1. Does your institution enroll transfer students? Yes No
(If no, please skip to Section E) If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at
other colleges/universities? Ves No
D2. Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in Fall 2013.

	Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants
Men	1228	1135	891
Women	1823	1658	1263

Total 3051	279	93		2154	
Application for Admission					
D3. Indicate terms for which	transfers may enroll:				
Fall Winter Spri	ing Summer				
D4. Must a transfer applicant	have a minimum nur	mber of credits con	npleted or else mu	ıst apply as an e	ntering freshman?
▼ Yes □ No					
If yes, what is the minimum r	number of credits and	I the unit of measur	re? 24		
D5. Indicate all items required	d of transfer students	to apply for admis	sion:		
	Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required o	of Not required
High school transcript			X		
College transcript(s)	Х				
Essay or personal statement					
Interview					
Standardized test scores					
Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)					
D6. If a minimum high schoo	ol grade point average	e is required of tran	sfer applicants, sp	pecify (on a 4.0	scale):
D# 16		1 6. 6	1		2.00
D7. If a minimum college gra	ide point average is r	equired of transfer	applicants, specif	y (on a 4.0 scale	÷):
D8. List any other application	n requirements specif	ic to transfer applic	cants:		
D9. List application priority, on a continuous or rolling bas					oplications are reviewed
Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification	Date Re	ply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall					Х
Winter					
Spring					X

er									Х	
D1/	1 Does an open	admissio	n nolicy if ren	orted ann	ly to trar	efor etudo	ents? Ves	No		
								140		
D1	1. Describe addit	ional req	uirements for t	ransfer ad	mission,	if applica	ble:			
N	I/A									
Tre	ansfer Credit Po	dicies								
		Heres					_			
D 1:	2. Report the low	est grade	e earned for any	y course th	nat may l	oe transfei	red for credit:			
D 1	3. Maximum nur	nber of c	redits or course	es that may	y be tran	sferred fro	om a two-year insti	tution:		
Nu	mber:	Un	it type:							
D1	4. Maximum nur	nber of c	redits or course	es that ma	y be tran	sferred fro	om a four-year inst	tution:		
\u	mber:	Un	it type:							
D1:	5. Minimum nun	nber of ci	edits that trans	fers must	complete	e at vour i	nstitution to earn a	n associate	degree: 15	
					1	, ,				
D1	6. Minimum nun	nber of ci	edits that trans	fers must	complete	e at your i	nstitution to earn a	bachelor's	degree: 30	
D 1′	7. Describe other	transfer	credit policies:							
			E. AC	CADEMIC	C OFFE	RINGS A	ND POLICIES			
E1.	. Special study o	ptions: I	dentify those p	rograms a	ıvailable	at vour in	stitution. Refer to	he glossary	v for definitions	i.
		F		8) =		8,		
	Accelerated pro	ogram			~	Honors 1	orogram			
	Cooperative ed	•	rogram		~	•	dent study			
	Cross-registrati				~	Internsh	ips			
~	Distance learning	ng			~	Liberal a	arts/career combina	tion		
~	Double major				~		designed major			
~	Dual enrollmen	t			~	Study ab	road			
~	English as a Sec	cond Lan	iguage (ESL)		~	Teacher	certification progra	ım		
~	Exchange stude	ent progra	am (domestic)		~	Weeken	d college			
~	External degree	progran	1							
	Other (specify)									
	Sinci (specify)	•								

22. Has been removed from the CDS. 23. Areas in which all or most students are re	quired to complete some course work	prior to graduation:
_	quired to complete some course work	prior to graduation:
Ž		
Arts/fine arts Computer literacy	Humanities Mathematics	
English (including composition) Foreign languages	Philosophy Sciences (biological or p	hysical)
History Other (describe):	Social science	
1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (fresh n Fall 2013 who fit the following categories:		First-time, first- year (freshman) Under
Percent from out of state (exclude international/1 nd denominator)	nonresident aliens from the numerator	students 29 28
Percent of men who join fraternities		3 2
Percent of women who join sororities		4 1
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or	-affiliated housing	73 12
	-affiliated housing	73 12 27 88
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or	-affiliated housing	
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or Percent who live off campus or commute	-affiliated housing	27 88
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or Percent who live off campus or commute Percent of students age 25 and older	-affiliated housing	27 88 11 28
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or Percent who live off campus or commute Percent of students age 25 and older Average age of full-time students		27 88 11 28 19 24
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or Percent who live off campus or commute Percent of students age 25 and older Average age of full-time students (Average age of all students (full- and part-time) 22. Activities offered Identify those programs are Campus Ministries Literary	vailable at your institution.	27 88 11 28 19 24
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or Percent who live off campus or commute Percent of students age 25 and older Average age of full-time students (full- and part-time) 22. Activities offered Identify those programs a	vailable at your institution. magazine	27 88 11 28 19 24 20 25

~	Drama/theater	~	Musical theater	V	Symphony orchestra
Org	International Student ganization	~	Opera	V	Television station
~	Jazz band	~	Pep band		Yearbook
F3.	ROTC (program offered in coo	pera	ntion with Reserve Officers' T	raining Corps)	
Nav Air	On campus At cooperating institution (nanval ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institution (nanval ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institution (nanval ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institution (nanval ROTC) At cooperating institution (nanval ROTC) Housing: Check all types of continuous	ne):	e-owned, -operated, or -affilia	ated housing ava	ilable for undergraduates at your
>	Coed dorms Men's dorms Women's dorms Apartments for married studen Apartments for single students Other housing options (specify	Г	Special Frater Coope Them	•	isabled students nternational students using
			G. ANNUAL EXP	FNSFS	
Co	. Please provide the URL of yo	:			
	ttp://www.collegeportraits.org/KS/FHSU		nstitution's net price calcula	ator:	
inst v pro	vide an approximate date (i.e.	1's 2	014-2015 academic year cos onth/day) when your institut	ets of attendanc	e are not available at this time and
atto	endance will be available:				

G1. Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board

List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2014-2015 academic year (30 semester hours or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and

board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. **Required fees** include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are *not* included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do *not* include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

	FIRST	Г-ҮЕАК	U	NDERGRADUAT	ES
PRIVATE INSTITUTION Tuition:	S				
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS Tuition: In-District:					
In-state (out-of-district):					
Out-of-state:					
NONRESIDENT ALIENS Tuition:					
REQUIRED FEES:					
ROOM AND BOARD (on campus):	-				
ROOM ONLY: (on-campu	is)				
BOARD ONLY: (on-camp plan)	ous meal				
Comprehensive tuition and	room and board fee (if your c	ollege cannot provide sep	parate tuitio	on and room and boa	ard i
Comprehensive tuition and Other:	room and board fee (if your c		15	on and room and boa	
Other: G2. Number of credits pe	r term a student can take for ary by year of study (e.g., sop	r the stated full-time tui	tion: 15	minimum 15	m
Other: G2. Number of credits pe	r term a student can take foi	r the stated full-time tui	tion: 15	minimum 15	
Comprehensive tuition and Other: G2. Number of credits pe G3. Do tuition and fees va G4. Do tuition and fees va	r term a student can take for ary by year of study (e.g., sop	r the stated full-time tui phomore, junior, senior ctional program?	tion: 15 Yes Yes No	minimum 15 No	
Comprehensive tuition and Other: G2. Number of credits pe G3. Do tuition and fees va G4. Do tuition and fees va	r term a student can take for ary by year of study (e.g., sop ary by undergraduate instruc	r the stated full-time tui phomore, junior, senior ctional program?	tion: 15 Yes Yes No	minimum 15 No	

						,
Board only:						
Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for commuters not living at home):						
Transportation:						
Other expenses:						
G6. Undergraduate per	-credit-hour charg	es (tuition on	dy):			
PRIVATE INSTITUTIO	NS:					
PUBLIC INSTITUTION In-district:						
In-state (out-of-district):						
Out-of-state:						
NONRESIDENT ALIEN	S:					
H1. Enter total dollar ame the same cohort reporter (Note: If the data being recolors 2013 academic year's CD federal aid). Aid that is recolumns. (For a suggest need-based scholarship Indicate the academic year 2013-2014 estimated which needs-analysis mediate the suggest need-based scholarship academic year 2013-2014 estimated which needs-analysis mediate in the suggest need-based scholarship academic year 2013-2014 estimated which needs-analysis mediate in the suggest need-based scholarship academic year 2013-2014 estimated which needs-analysis mediate in the suggest need-based scholarship academic year 2013-2014 estimated which needs-analysis mediated has been suggested in the suggest need-based scholarship academic year's CD federal aid).	d in CDS Question eported are final figures. S Question B1 cohoron-need-based but the condition of the condi	B1, "total d irres for the 20 ort.) Include a c that was use ence in assign the last page of reported for final	egree-seeking" under 012-2013 academic yea id awarded to internation ed to meet need should ning categories of aid of the definitions section items H1, H2, H2A, ar	rgraduates) ar (see the nonal studen d be report to cover no on.) and H6 below	o in the following category in the following category in the follow), use the ts (i.e., those not qualified in the need-based eed, see the entry for the following category.	gories. ne 2012- fying for aid
DOUI FIVI AND IIVI						
	(Include	Need- non-need-ba	ased aid used to meet	(Exclud	Non-need-based e non-need-based aid meet need.)	used to
		9	3		\$	
Scholarships/Grants				1		

Federal	12,601,190	25,164
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	945,123	29,297
Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below)	1,074,639	744,885
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	1,518,373	1,826,925
Total Scholarships/Grants	16,139,325	2,626,271
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	26,045,984	7,072,920
Federal Work-Study	675,379	
State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note: Exclude Federal Work-Study captured above.)	51,787	47,698
Total Self-Help	26,773,150	7,120,618
Parent Loans	625,989	1,724,919
Tuition Waivers Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.	0	0
Athletic Awards	866,755	816,596

H2. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.** Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in <u>H1</u>. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	First-time Full-time Freshman	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
a) Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2013 cohort)	1,171	5,784	1,245
b) Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	917	4,926	1,242
c) Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	737	4,204	1,099
d) Number of students in line ${f c}$ who were awarded any financial aid	705	4,055	1,034

e) Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	639	3,288	743
f) Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	589	3,399	853
g) Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	49	118	5
h) Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	100	371	50
i) On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	55.62 %	54.12 %	41.00 %
j) The average financial aid package of those in line d . Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$ 6,903	\$ 6,966	\$ 4,958
k) Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line e	\$ 4,815	\$ 4,528	\$ 2,833
1) Average need-based self-help award (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line f	\$ 3,038	\$ 3,930	\$ 3,542
m) Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	\$ 2,832	\$ 3,720	\$ 3,527

H2A. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	First-time Full-time	Full-time Undergrad	Less Than Full-time
	Freshman	(Incl. Fresh)	Undergrad
n) Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	206	459	0
o) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$ 1,366	\$ 1,535	\$ 0
p) Number of students in line ${\bf a}$ who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	47	185	0
q) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line ${\bf p}$	\$ 4,347	\$ 4,257	\$ 0

H3. Incorporated into H1 above.

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5 and H5a.

Include:

- * 2013 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2012 and June 30, 2013 who started at your institution as first time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2012 and June 30, 2013.
 - * only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
 - * co-signed loans.

Exclude:

- * those who transferred in.
- * money borrowed at other institutions.

H4. Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution,
etc.; exclude parent loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. 71 %
H4a. Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through federal loan programs—Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family
Education Loans. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans.
H5. Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed of those in line H4. \$\\ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c
H5a. Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed, of those in H4a, through federal loan programsFederal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. These are listed in line H4a.NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and exclude parent loans. \$\frac{25,056}{}\$
Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)
H6. Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship or grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:
Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available
Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available
Institutional scholarship and grant aid is not available
If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the <u>number of</u>
undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid:
Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$ 6,342
Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$ 488,362
H7. Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:
Institution's own financial aid form
CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE
International Student's Financial Aid Application
International Student's Certification of Finances
Other:
Process for First-Year/Freshman Students
H8. Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:
FAFSA

~	Institution's own financial aid form
	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE
	State aid form
	Noncustodial PROFILE
	Business/Farm Supplement
	Other:
	Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
	ority date for filing required financial aid forms:
	adline for filing required financial aid forms:
No	deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis):
H10	0. Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):
	Students notified on or about (date): March 15 Students notified on a rolling basis: Yes No If yes, starting date:
H1:	1. Indicate reply dates:
Stu	dents must reply by (date): or within weeks of notification.
Tyl	pes of Aid Available
Plea	ase check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:
H12	2. Loans
FEI	DERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN)
✓	Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans
<u>~</u>	Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans
~	Direct PLUS Loans
~	Federal Perkins Loans
	Federal Nursing Loans State Loans
~	College/university loans from institutional funds
	_
	Other (specify):
H1.	3. Scholarships and Grants
	ed-Based:
<u>~</u>	Federal Pell
▽	SEOG
$\overline{}$	State scholarships/grants

	Other (specify): Leading of the control of the cont	d in awarding institutional a	id. Check all that ap	pply.	
on-need	Need-based		Non-need	Need-based	
~		Academics	V		Leadership
~		Alumni affiliations	~		Minority status
~		Art	~		Music/drama
V		Athletics			Religious affiliation
~		Job skills	~		State/district residency
		ROTC			
		1	1 1		1

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2013. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP. The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or predoctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non-clinical credit

faculty status		courses
(c) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

	Full-time	Part-time	Total
a.) Total number of instructional faculty	295	227	522
b.) Total number who are members of minority groups	26	7	33
c.) Total number who are women	130	128	258
d.) Total number who are men	165	99	264
e.) Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	6	0	6
f.) Total number with doctorate or other terminal degree	204	55	259
g.) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's	73	148	221
h.) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	18	22	40
i.) Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items \mathbf{f} , \mathbf{g} , \mathbf{h} , and \mathbf{i} must sum up to item \mathbf{a} .)	0	2	2
j.) Total number in stand-alone graduate/professional programs in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students	13	0	13

Report the Fall 2013 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part-time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full-time plus 1/3 part-time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2013 Student to Faculty ratio: 17.5 to 1 (based on 4,767 students and 273 faculty).

I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2013 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2013. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+"column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29"column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SECTIONS	98	204	260	88	37	20	3	710
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUBSECTIONS	17	35	31	0	0	0	0	83

J. DEGREES CONFERRED

Degrees conferred between July 1, 2012 and June 30, 2013

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2st majors

for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by $2\pi d$ major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

Category	Diploma/Certificates Associate		Bachelor's	CIP 2011 Categories to Include
Agriculture			1.64	1
Natural resources and conservation				3
Architecture				4
Area, ethnic, and gender studies				5
Communication/journalism			.39	9
Communication technologies				10
Computer and information sciences			4.47	11
Personal and culinary services				12
Education			8.04	13
Engineering			.14	14
Engineering technologies				15
Foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics			.29	16
Family and consumer sciences				19
Law/legal studies				22
English			.50	23
Liberal arts/general studies		62.96	13.37	24
Library science				25
Biological/life sciences			.61	26
Mathematics and statistics			.43	27
Military science and military technologies				28 & 29
Interdisciplinary studies			.36	30
Parks and recreation				31
Philosophy and religious studies			.07	38
Theology and religious vocations				39
Physical sciences			.86	40
Science technologies				41
Psychology			1.14	42
Homeland Security, law enforcement, firefighting, and protective services			2.75	43
Public administration and social services			.57	44
Social sciences			4.75	45

Common Data Set Definitions							
TOTAL	100%		100%	100%			
Other							
History					.32		54
Business/marketing					51.68		52
Health professions and related programs			37.04		5.72		51
Visual and performing arts					1.89		50
Transportation and materials moving							49
Precision production							48
Mechanic and repair technologies							47
Construction trades							46

All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.

Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and maintaining tribal affiliation or community attachment.

Applicant (**first-time**, **first-year**): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan

provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black or African American: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (**for program enrollment**): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, Internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular application pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad.**

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPAs/assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Test of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic or Latino: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International students: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up);usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements --

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 40 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-15], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)--on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: A standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

Aid awarded: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds, or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of

academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.